





GROMIT project: **GRO**und coupled heat pumps **MIT**igation potential

NERC research grant



Anne Verhoef on behalf of the GROMIT team

Department of Soil Science, University of Reading





GROMIT team

- UoR/NCAS-Climate (land surface modelling & fieldwork):

 Raquel Garcia-Gonzalez, Bruce Main, Pier Luigi Vidale, Anne Verhoef
- Nottingham University (modelling of GCHPs): Yupeng Wu & Guohui Gan
- BGS (Groundwater modelling): Majdi Mansour & Andrew Hughes
- CEH-Wallingford (UK 1 km driving data): Eleanor Blyth & Jon Finch
- EarthEnergy Ltd (GCHP expertise): Robin Curtis

Aim: To investigate and optimise the CO₂ mitigation potential of horizontal GCHPs under current and future UK environmental conditions

GCHPs and environmental factors

Key variables: soil moisture content and soil temperature

- Infiltration Rates / Evaporation
- Energy balance/ground water level; vary in time and space)
- Water (vapour) flux, induced by heat extraction/rejection
- Thermal regime
- Thermal soil properties
- Soil water freezing/melting

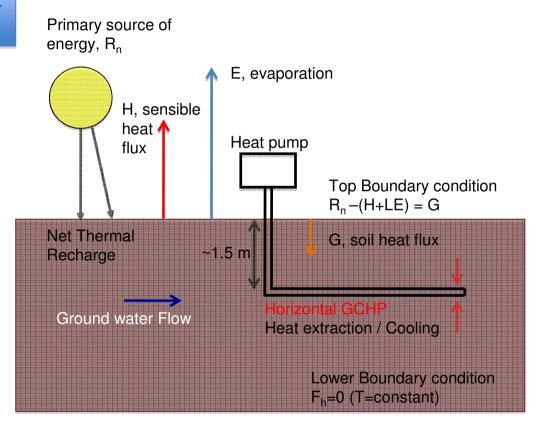


Diagram: Heat and water exchange processes near GCHP

Largely affected by <u>climate</u>, <u>soil</u> <u>texture & vegetation</u>

Courtesy of Raquel Garcia, Reading University

GCHP-related technical & design factors

- Type of horizontal GCHP
- Spacing of loops
- Installation depth
- Back-filling material
- Fluid in HE
- Pumps

Load m ♦ Pump (W) Condenser W 👽 Compressor **E**vaporator m ♦ Pump (W) **Ground loop** $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{soil}}$

Will affect COP, together with soil environment!

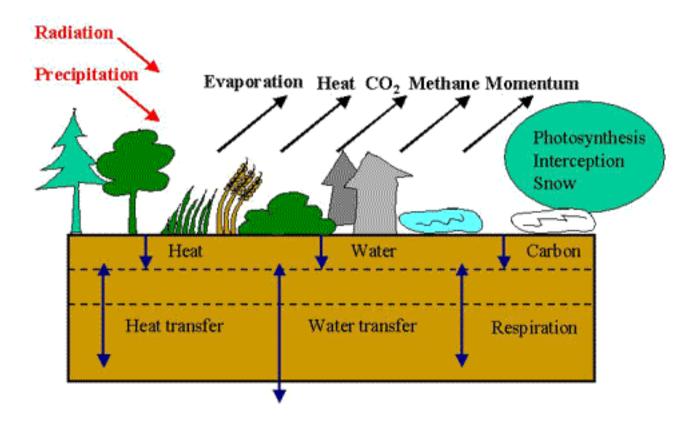
Courtesy of: Yupeng Wu, Nottingham University

Project approach

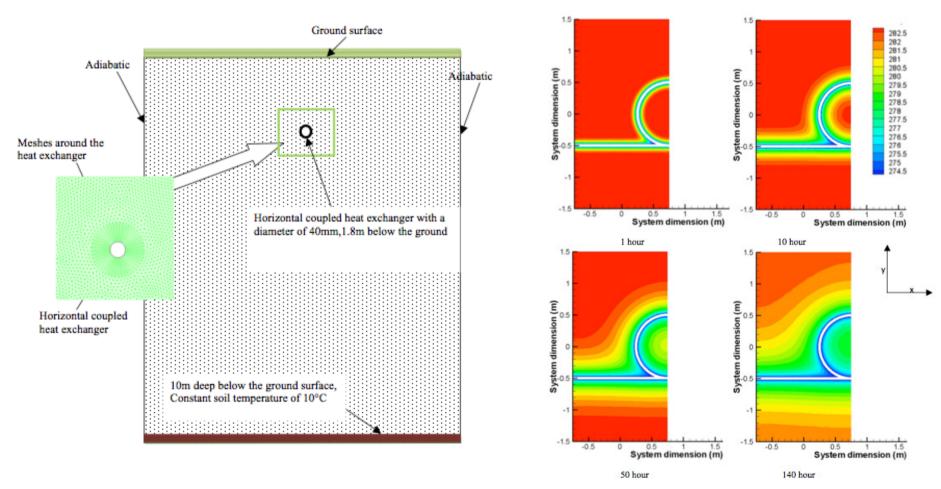
- Model development (combined Land surface-Groundwater-GCHP model
- Experimental campaigns (UK field sites)
- Model simulation
 - Driving variables (UK 1 km grid)
 - Verification
 - Sensitivity Varying model parameters
 - Climate change impact COP under future environmental conditions
 - Climate change scenarios (UKCIP)
- Dissemination

Land surface model





GCHP modelling

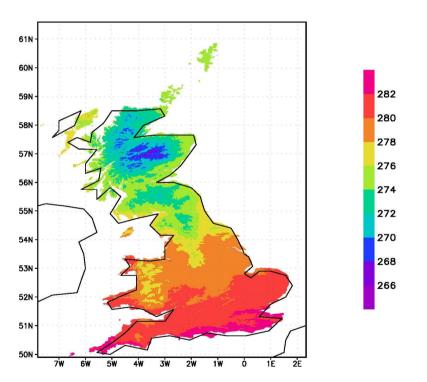


Courtesy of: Yupeng Wu, Nottingham University

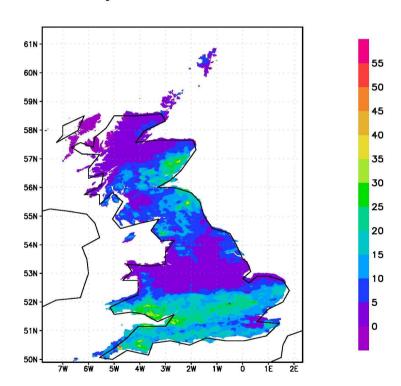
Plan view of isotherms generated from prediction for a slinkey heat exchanger, at 1, 10, 50 and 140 hours GSHPA meeting, 21 January 2010, Milton Keynes

UK driving variables

Air Temperature (K) 1 January 2003



Rainfall Rate (kg m⁻² d⁻¹), 1 January 2003



Courtesy of: Tongfei Zhang, CEH-Wallingford

UK soil textures

The National soil map, NATMAP (NSRI)

Soil texture

- > Dry bulk density
- Hydraulic properties

Soil properties such as:

> Thermal properties





Field campaign started 2th October 2009, near Oxford



Cooling near the slinky due to heat extraction... how will this affect the water and heat transfer and hence the performance of GCHP...



GCHP Profile over ~ 1m:

- 8 Thermistors
- 6 Thetaprobes

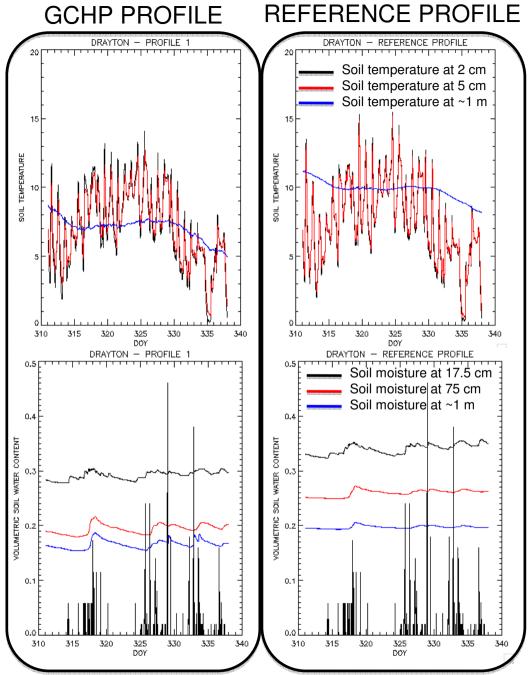




4 trenches every 5 m

- 2 Profiles:
- -GSHP profile
- -Reference profile





Courtesy of Raquel Garcia, Reading University

Conclusions

GROMIT is an excellent opportunity to address many unexplored issues related to horizontal GCHP performance in the UK

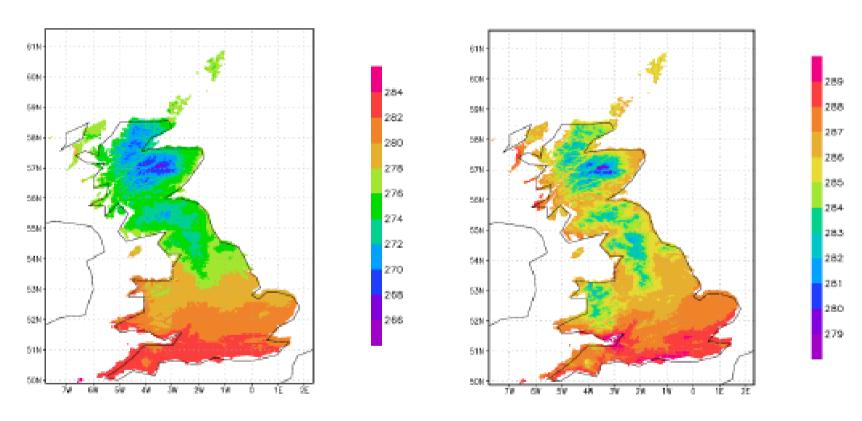
- Any questions/suggestions?
- Do you have a field-site available???

Thank you for listening!

UK driving variables

Surface temperature, 1 January 2003

Surface temperature, 1 July 2003



Courtesy: Tongfei Zhang, CEH-Wallingford