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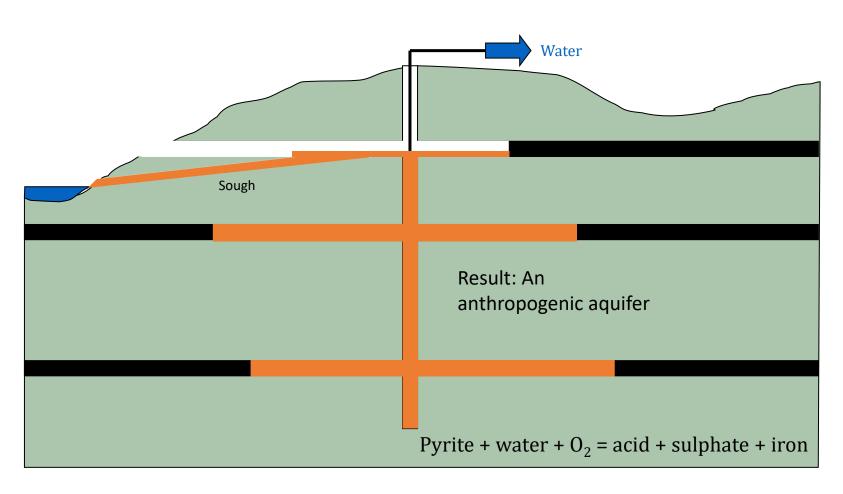
### Come all you gallant colliers... a mine energy renaissance?

3/12/20



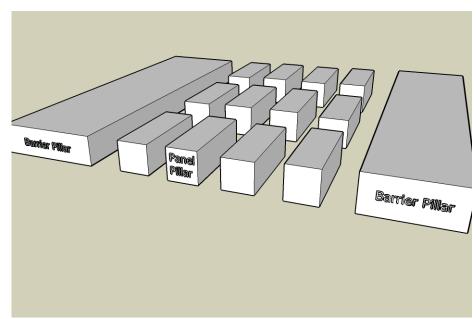


#### A brief history of coal mining in 10½ seconds





Near Dollar, Clackmannanshire



By Swinsto101, CC BY-SA 3.0, from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Room\_and\_pillar\_mining#/media/File:Barrier\_Panel.png

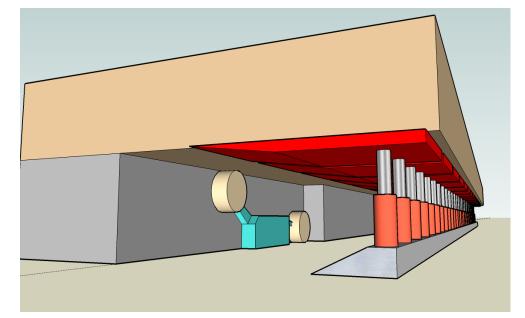
# Modes of mining Room and pillar





Public domain:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Room\_and\_pillar\_mining#/media/File:OldRoomAndPillar.png



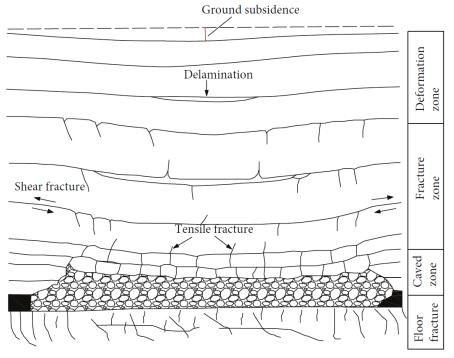
By TCP0203, CC BY 3.0, from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Longwall\_mining#/media/File:Longwall2.png



By http://www.eickhoff-bochum.de/de/ CC BY-SA 3.0, from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Longwall mining#/media/File:SL500 01.jpg

# Modes of mining Longwall

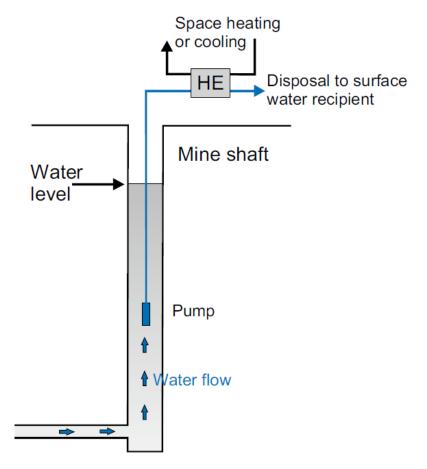




From Bai and Tu (2019) *Geofluids. Doi: 10.1155/2019/3089292* 

## Mode 1 Pump and dispose

• Caphouse, Yorkshire





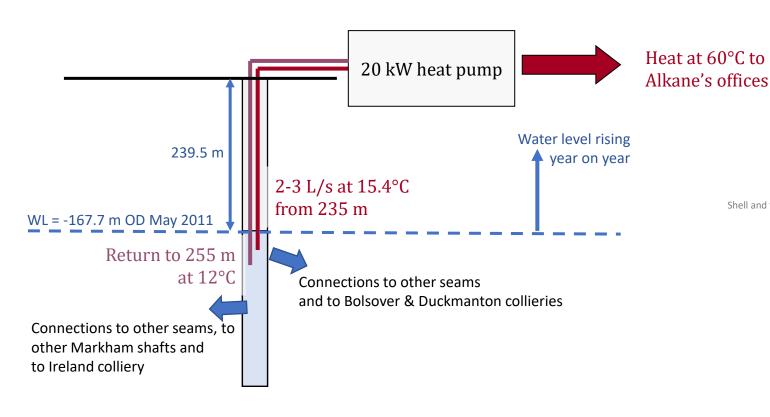


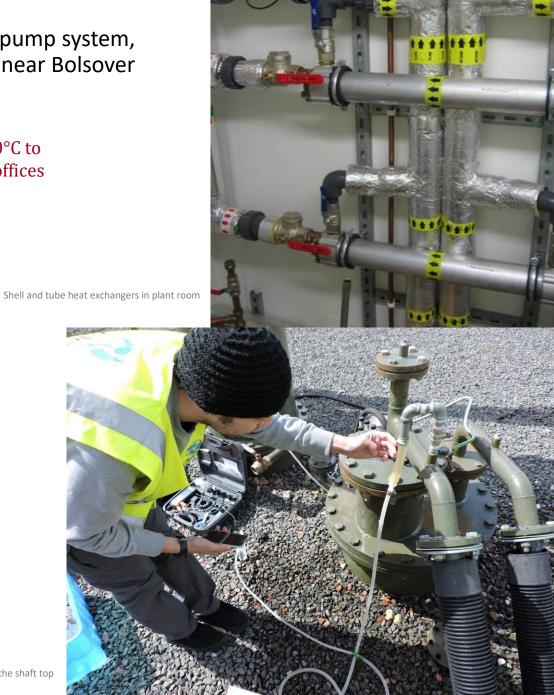
Barredo mine shaft Mieres, northern Spain



#### Mode 2 Standing column

Alkane heat pump system, Markham Colliery, near Bolsover









#### Mode 4 Abstraction – reinjection doublet

Need long flow pathways in a doublet

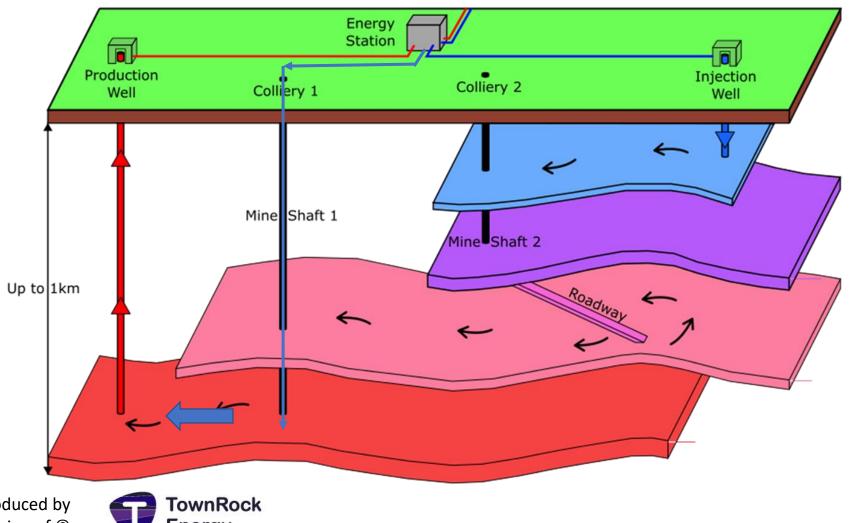
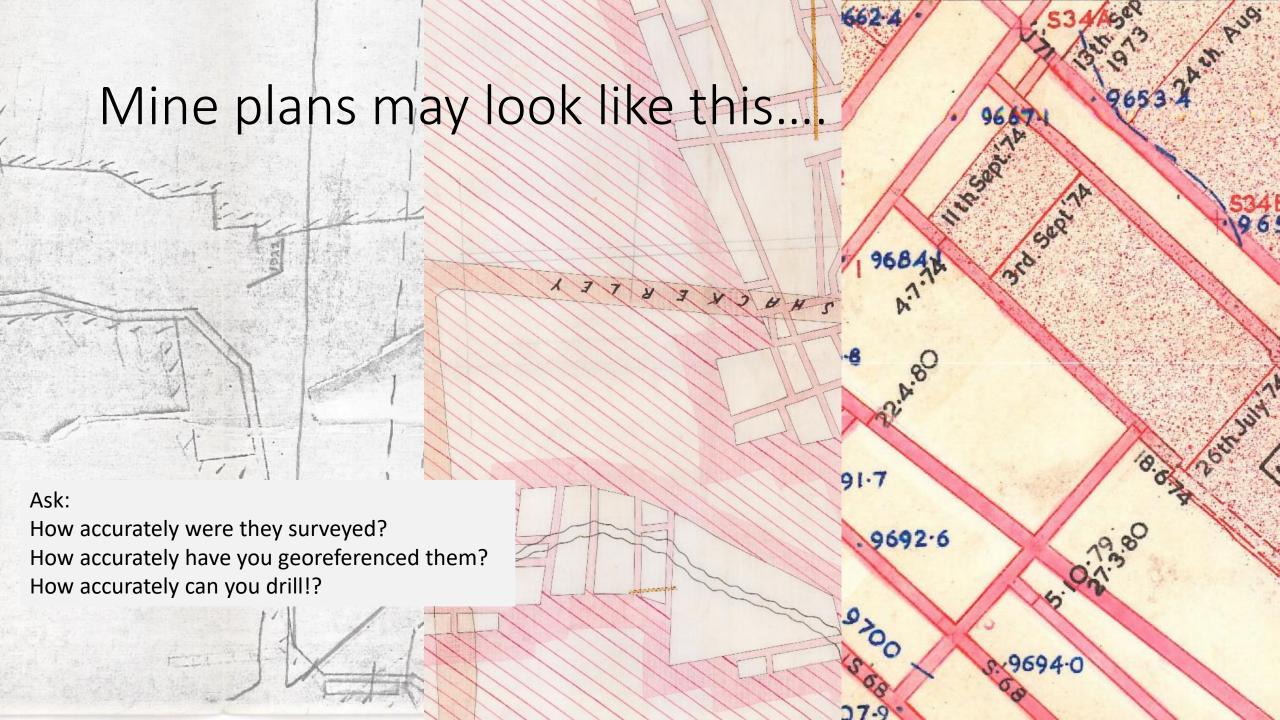


Figure reproduced by permission of ©





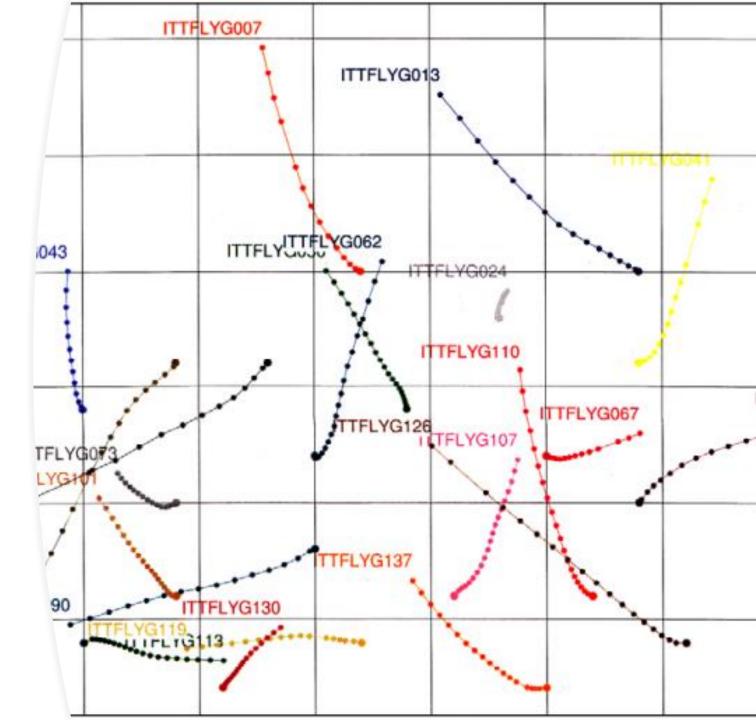
- Mine networks have very uncertain hydraulic properties
  - Backfilled shafts? Closed doors?
     Unmarked dams? Collapses?
- Mine plans: how reliable?
- Risk profile. High up-front uncertainty and capital cost (drilling mined strata properly is expensive). No guaranteed success
- Tricky regulatory process.
- Water chemistry? Possibly saline. Iron-& manganese rich
- Ongoing maintenance commitment.



**Deviation** (m) of 21 randomly selected DTH boreholes (150 m depth) at Emmaboda, Sweden.

Average deviation 16 m

Nordell B, Scorpo AL, Andersson O, Rydell L & Carlsson B (2015) Long-term Long Term Evaluation of Operation and Design of the Emmaboda BTES. Operation and Experiences 2010-2015. Luleå University of Technology





### Unpredictable hydraulic properties

Two different seams at same site



Deep seam behaves like a filling bath

Shallow seam, response flattens very quickly (recharge from overlying estuary??)

Neither seam behaves in a nice polite Theis-like manner!



#### Long term maintenance; clogging

 Access to oxygen allows dissolved ferrous iron to oxidise to ferric hydroxide (aka ochre, aka orange sludge)



Lumphinnans (clogged reinjection well)
See Banks et al (2009)
Doi: 10.1144/1470-9236/08-081



Markham, after 2.5 years. Little problem See Banks et al. (2019) doi: 10.1007/s40899-017-0094-7

Dawdon (when treated, aerated water was used)
When raw, unoxygenated mine water used, no problem with iron hydroxide clogging!
Figure from Watson I (2012) Dawdon mine water heat pump trial. 14-Dec-12
See Bailey et al (2013) doi: 10.36487/ACG\_rep/1352\_47\_Bailey

### Regular maintenance

- Shell and tube HEX may be less prone to clogging than plate HEX
- At this site, citric acid was used for flushing a plate HEX with resulting improvement.
- Oxalic acid probably a better choice for downhole, as citric acid can be a food for biofilm bacteria.



## Demand, timing, regulation, subsidy

- Getting the demand lined up is often the trickiest aspect.
- Mines aren't always at centres of heating and cooling demand (but they can be)
- Timing is everything. Get your ducks in a row!
- Regulators are unsure about permitting mine systems. It can take a lot of time.
- You need abstraction discharge permits from Environment Agency, and heat access agreement from Coal Authority



#### Questions.....

and thank you www.gshp.org.uk

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